2

• Silicon is essential to the computer industry as a major component of chips. It has three naturally occurring isotopes, the relative abundance of each being given below. Calculate the atomic mass of silicon.

Isotope	Mass of isotope (a.m.u.)	Relative abundance
²⁸ Si	27.9769	92.23%
²⁹ Si	28.9765	4.67%
³⁰ Si	29.9738	3.10%

The relative atomic mass of silicon is the weighted average of the masses of its isotopes:

atomic mass =
$$\left(27.9769 \times \frac{92.23}{100}\right) + \left(28.9765 \times \frac{4.67}{100}\right) + \left(29.9738 \times \frac{3.10}{100}\right)$$

= 28.09

(The relative abundances are given to 4 significant figures and limit the accuracy of the answer.)

Answer: 28.09