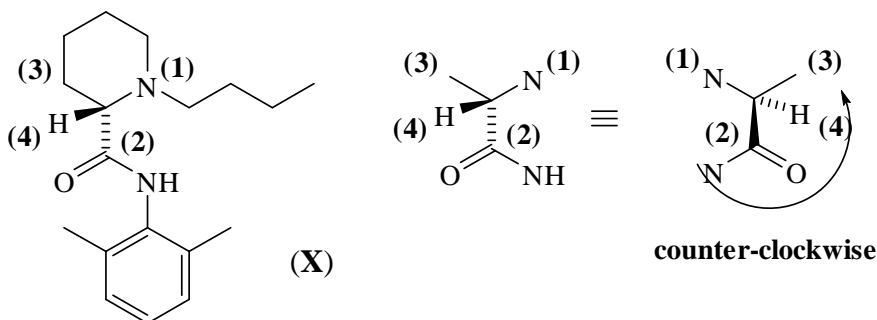


Marks
7

- Bupivacaine is the active molecule in some local anaesthetics. Of the two enantiomers, the one shown below (**X**) is the more effective.



What is the molecular formula of (**X**)?



Calculate the m/z value for the major peak you would expect to see for the molecular ion in the high resolution mass spectrum.

[Atomic masses: $^1\text{H} = 1.0078$; $^{12}\text{C} = 12.0000$; $^{16}\text{O} = 15.9949$; $^{14}\text{N} = 14.0031$]

The molecular ion has $m =$ molar mass:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Molar mass} &= (18 \times 12.0000 \text{ (C)}) + 28 \times 1.0078 \text{ (H)} \\ &+ 15.9949 \text{ (O)} + 2 \times 14.0031 \text{ (N)} \text{ g mol}^{-1} = 288.2195 \text{ g mol}^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

Answer: $288.2195 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$

List the substituents attached to the stereogenic centre in descending order of priority according to the sequence rule.

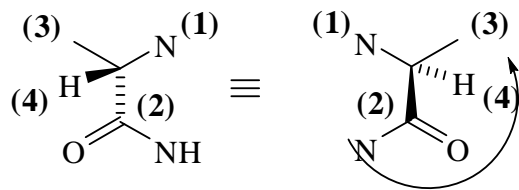
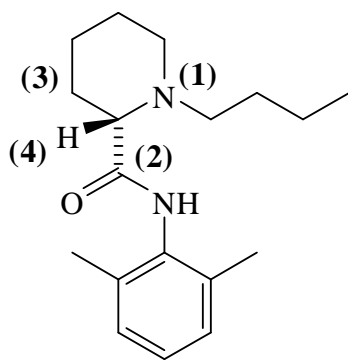
highest priority			lowest priority
$\begin{array}{c} \text{R}_1 \\ \diagdown \\ \text{---N} \\ \diagup \\ \text{R}_2 \end{array}$	---CONHR	---CH ₂ ---	---H

What is the absolute stereochemistry of (**X**)? Write (*R*) or (*S*).

(*S*)
(see above)

Name the functional groups present in (**X**).

(tertiary) amine, amide, aromatic ring



counter-clockwise