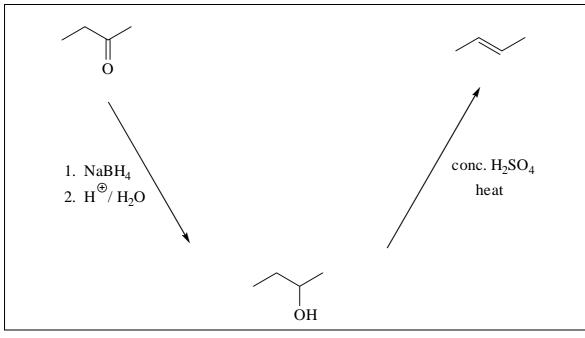
• Show clearly the reagents you would use to carry out the following chemical conversion. Two steps are required. Give the structure of the intermediate compound.

Marks 8



How can IR spectroscopy distinguish between the starting material, the intermediate and the product?

The starting material absorbs strongly in the $1650-1800 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ region due to the presence of the carbonyl (C=O) group.

The intermediate absorbs strongly in the $3000\text{-}3300~\text{cm}^{-1}$ region due to the presence of the alcohol (O-H) group .

The product does not absorb strongly in either of these regions.

How can ¹³C NMR spectroscopy distinguish between the starting material, the intermediate and the product?

The product is symmetrical and has only 2 resonances.

The starting material and the intermediate both have 4 resonances, but the chemical shifts will differ: the carbonyl C in the starting material is at higher chemical shift (180-200 ppm) than the C–OH carbon (~50 ppm).