Marks • The diagram below shows the structure of an alloy of copper and gold with a gold 6 atom at each of the corners and a copper atom in the centre of each of the faces. The length of the side of the cubic unit cell is 0.36 nm. \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc = Au = Cu What is the chemical formula of the alloy? There are 8 Au atoms and each is on a corner so contributes 1/8 to the unit cell: total number of Au atoms = $8 \times 1/8 = 1$ There are 6 Cu atoms and each is on a face so contributes 1/2 to the unit cell. total number of Cu atoms = $6 \times 1/2 = 3$ Answer: AuCu₃ or Cu₃Au Pure gold is 24 carat, whilst gold alloys consisting of 75 % gold by weight are termed 18 carat gold. What carat gold is this alloy? The molar mass of Cu₃Au is: molar mass = $(3 \times 63.55 (Cu) + 196.97 (Au))$ g mol⁻¹ = 387.62 g mol⁻¹ The percentage gold is therefore: percentage gold = 196.97 / 387.82 ×100% = 50% As 100% gold is 24 carat and 75% gold is 18 carat, this corresponds to 12 carat. Answer: 12 carat What is the volume (in cm³) of the unit cell? The length of the side of the unit cell is 0.36 nm. This corresponds to 0.36×10^{-9} m or 0.36×10^{-7} cm. As the unit cell is cubic, its volume, V, is given by: $V = (0.36 \times 10^{-7})^3 \text{ cm}^3 = 4.7 \times 10^{-23} \text{ cm}^3$ Answer: 4.7×10^{-23} cm³ **ANSWER CONTINUES ON THE NEXT PAGE**

What is the density (in $g cm^{-3}$) of the alloy?

From above, the mass of a mole of Cu₃Au is 387.62 g mol⁻¹. As this corresponds to Avogadro's number of formula units, the mass of the unit cell is:

mass of unit cell = $(387.62 \text{ g mol}^{-1}) / (6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}) = 6.43673 \times 10^{-22} \text{ g}$

The density of the unit cell is therefore:

density = mass / volume
=
$$(6.43673 \times 10^{-22} \text{ g}) / (4.7 \times 10^{-23} \text{ cm}^3)$$

= 14 g cm⁻¹

Answer: 14 g cm⁻¹