

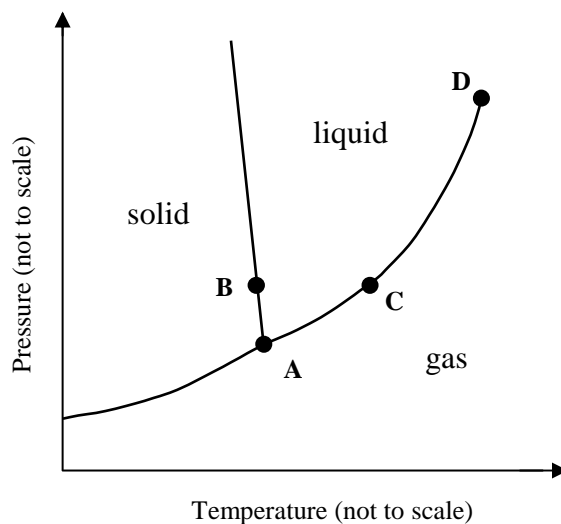
- The figure below illustrates the phase diagram for water. The points on the diagram correspond to:

A: Triple point ($0.0098\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 0.610 kPa)

B: Normal melting point ($0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $1.01 \times 10^2\text{ kPa}$)

C: Normal boiling point ($100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $1.01 \times 10^2\text{ kPa}$)

D: Critical point ($374.4\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $2.18 \times 10^4\text{ kPa}$)



Describe all of the phase changes that occur when water at $1.01 \times 10^2\text{ kPa}$ is slowly warmed from $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $200\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Describe all of the phase changes that occur when water at $0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ is slowly compressed from 0.500 kPa to 1000 kPa .

Marks
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