22/08(a)

Marks

5

• Bromide **A** undergoes a reaction with hydroxide ions (OH<sup>-</sup>) to produce alcohol **C**. Complete the mechanism by adding curly arrows to illustrate the bonding changes that take place in the conversion of **A** to **B** and from **B** to **C**.

What is the name of the reaction taking place when **A** is converted to **C** via carbocation intermediate **B**?

What is the stereochemical outcome of this reaction? Give reasons for your answer.

$$C$$
  $D$   $O$   $E$ 

Alcohol C can be further reacted with reagent D to generate ester E. Provide a structure of a suitable reagent D for the synthesis of ester E from alcohol C.