•	 When HBr reacts with 1-pentene, three products, L, M and N, are formed. L and M are enantiomers, whilst L and N (and M and N) are constitutional isomers. Give the structures of these products and explain how they form? Discuss the relative amounts of each product, paying attention to the regioselectivity and stereoselectivity of the reaction. Hint: You need to discuss important aspects of the reaction mechanism, including the relative stabilities of any intermediates, but you do not need to give the full mechanism using curly arrows. 	
L	M	

THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE IS FOR ROUGH WORKING ONLY.