

Giving reasons, order either the set of oxyacids or the binary acids in terms of increasing acidity.

$\text{HClO}$ ,  $\text{HClO}_2$ ,  $\text{HClO}_3$ ,  $\text{HClO}_4$       or       $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{Se}$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{Te}$

**Marks**  
**2**

**All  $\text{HClO}_n$  acids have the structure  $\text{HOClO}_{n-1}$ . As the number of oxygens increases, more electron density is drawn away from the O–H bond and weakens it. The weaker the O–H bond, the stronger the acid, so the order is  $\text{HClO} < \text{HClO}_2 < \text{HClO}_3 < \text{HClO}_4$ .**

**In binary acids such as  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$  and  $\text{H}_2\text{Se}$ , the H–Se bond is longer than the H–S bond as Se is larger than S. The H–Se bond is therefore weaker than the H–S bond and  $\text{H}_2\text{Se}$  is thus a stronger acid than  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$ . The order is therefore  $\text{H}_2\text{O} < \text{H}_2\text{S} < \text{H}_2\text{Se} < \text{H}_2\text{Te}$ .**