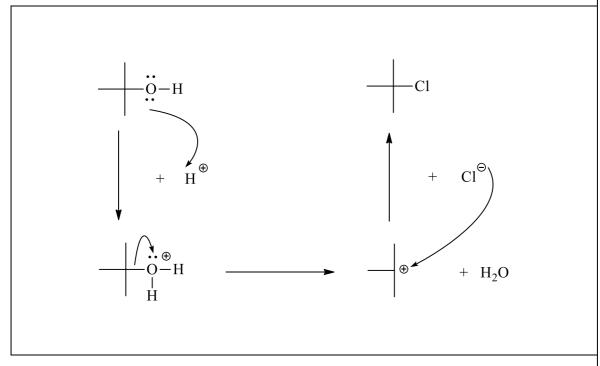
• Concentrated HCl reacts with 2-methyl-2-propanol in an S<sub>N</sub>1 reaction to give 2-chloro-2-methylpropane as shown below. Complete the reaction mechanism by adding curly arrows and formal charges on the intermediates as appropriate.

Marks 4



Explain what each part of the abbreviation  $S_N1$  means.

S = substitution

N = nucleophilic

1 = unimolecular

THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE IS FOR ROUGH WORKING ONLY.