

**Marks**  
**9**

- The salt calcium oxalate,  $\text{CaC}_2\text{O}_4 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ , is sparingly soluble. Write down the chemical equation for its dissolution in water and the expression for  $K_{\text{sp}}$ .

What is the molar solubility of calcium oxalate?  $K_{\text{sp}} = 2.3 \times 10^{-9}$

Answer:

If additional calcium oxalate is added to a saturated solution, what is the effect on  $[\text{Ca}^{2+}(\text{aq})]$ ?

Following blood donation, a solution of sodium oxalate is added to remove  $\text{Ca}^{2+}(\text{aq})$  ions which cause the blood to clot. The concentration of  $\text{Ca}^{2+}(\text{aq})$  ions in blood is  $9.7 \times 10^{-5} \text{ g mL}^{-1}$ . If 100.0 mL of 0.1550 M  $\text{Na}_2\text{C}_2\text{O}_4$  is added to 100.0 mL of blood, what will be the concentration (in  $\text{mol L}^{-1}$ ) of  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  ions remaining in the blood?

Answer: