• Human haemoglobin has a molar weight of 6.45×10^4 g mol⁻¹ and contains 3.46 g of iron per kg. Calculate the number of iron atoms in each molecule of haemoglobin.

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A mole of haemoglobin has a mass of 6.45×10^4 g = 64.5 kg. As each kilogram contains 3.45 g of iron, a mole contains $(64.5 \times 3.45) = 223$ g of iron.

The atomic mass of iron is 55.85 so this mass of iron corresponds to:

number of moles of iron =
$$\frac{\text{mass}}{\text{atomic mass}} = \frac{223}{55.85} = 3.98$$

Answer:4 iron atoms per molecule