

- The specific heat capacity of water is $4.18 \text{ J g}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ and the specific heat capacity of copper is $0.39 \text{ J g}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$. If the same amount of energy were applied to a 1.0 mol sample of each substance, both initially at $25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, which substance would get hotter? Show all working.

Marks
2

Answer: