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• The average speed of a gaseous neon atom at 300 K is 609 m s⁻¹. What is the average speed of a helium atom at the same temperature?

As $E_{\text{kinetic}} = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$:

 E_{kinetic} (helium) = $\frac{1}{2} m_{\text{He}} v_{\text{He}}^2$

 E_{kinetic} (neon) = $\frac{1}{2} m_{\text{Ne}} v_{\text{Ne}}^2$

The average kinetic energy of each gas is the same, at the same temperature, in the ideal gas model:

$$\frac{1}{2} m_{\rm He} v_{\rm He}^2 = \frac{1}{2} m_{\rm Ne} v_{\rm Ne}^2$$

 $v_{\rm He}^2 = (m_{\rm Ne} / m_{\rm He}) \times v_{\rm Ne}^2$

The ratio of the atomic masses is the same as the ratio of the molar masses and so:

$$v_{\text{He}}^{2} = (20.18 / 4.003) \times (609 \text{ m s}^{-1})^{2}$$

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 $v_{\rm He} = 1370 \text{ m s}^{-1}$

Answer: **1370 m s**⁻¹