| • A sample of hydrofluoric acid (0.10 M, 25.0 mL) is titrated with 0.10 M NaOH. The $pK_a$ of hydrofluoric acid, HF, is 3.17. Calculate the pH at the following four points. |      | Marks<br>7 |
|--|------|------------|
| before any NaOH is added   |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  | pH = |            |
| when half of the HF has been neutralised   |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  | pH = |            |
| at the equivalence point   | I    |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
| <u> </u>   | pH = |            |
| after the addition of 37.5 mL of NaOH  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  |      |            |
|  | pH = |            |

THIS QUESTION CONTINUES ON THE NEXT PAGE.