• Calculate the energy (in J) and the wavelength (in nm) of the photon of radiation emitted when the electron in Li^{2+} drops from an n = 4 state to an n = 2 state.

As Li^{2+} has 1 electron, its energy levels are described by the equation $\text{E}_{n} = \frac{-\text{E}_{R}Z^{2}}{n^{2}}$ where $\text{E}_{R} = 2.18 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J}$ and Z = 3. The energies of the n = 4 and n =2 levels are: $\text{E}_{4} = \frac{-\text{E}_{R}(3)^{2}}{(4)^{2}} = -\frac{9}{16}\text{E}_{R}$ and $\text{E}_{2} = \frac{-\text{E}_{R}(3)^{2}}{(2)^{2}} = -\frac{9}{4}\text{E}_{R} = -\frac{36}{16}\text{E}_{R}$ The energy separation is: $\Delta \text{E} = \text{E}_{4} - \text{E}_{2} = \left[-\frac{9}{16}\text{E}_{R}\right] - \left[-\frac{36}{16}\text{E}_{R}\right] = \frac{27}{16}\text{E}_{R}$ $= \frac{27}{16} \times (2.18 \times 10^{-18}) = 3.68 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J}$ Using $\text{E} = \frac{\text{hc}}{\lambda}, \lambda = \frac{\text{hc}}{\text{E}} = \frac{(6.626 \times 10^{-34}) \times (2.998 \times 10^{8})}{(3.68 \times 10^{-18})} = 5.40 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m} = 54.0 \text{ nm}$