

- 2-Propanol can be oxidised to acetone using $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$ in acidic solution as indicated in the reaction below. The rate of decrease of the $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$ ion under a certain set of conditions is $3.0 \text{ mol L}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$.



What is the rate of increase in the concentration of Cr^{3+} ?

What is the rate of decrease in the concentration of 2-propanol?

The rate law for this reaction is: $\text{Rate} = k [\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}][\text{CH}_3\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_3][\text{H}^+]^2$

Complete the following table by writing *increase*, *decrease* or *no change* in the box to indicate how the rate of the reaction is affected by each of the following changes.

Increase in $[\text{CH}_3\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_3]$

Increase in $[\text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_3]$

Increase in pH

Increase in temperature

- Complete the following table.

| Formula | Systematic name | Oxidation state of transition metal | Number of <i>d</i> -electrons |
|--|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| $\text{K}_2[\text{Pt}(\text{CN})_4]$ | | | |
| $[\text{Co}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]\text{Cl}_2$ | | | |

Marks
4

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