Marks
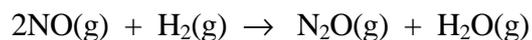**5**

- Nitric oxide, a noxious pollutant, and hydrogen react to give nitrous oxide and water according to the following equation.

$$2NO(g) + H_2(g) \rightarrow N_2O(g) + H_2O(g)$$

The following rate data were collected at 225 $^{\circ}$C.

Experiment	$[NO]_0$ (M)	$[H_2]_0$ (M)	Initial rate (d[NO]/dt, M s^{-1})
1	6.4×10^{-3}	2.2×10^{-3}	2.6×10^{-5}
2	1.3×10^{-2}	2.2×10^{-3}	1.0×10^{-4}
3	6.4×10^{-3}	4.4×10^{-3}	5.1×10^{-5}

Determine the rate law for the reaction.

Calculate the value of the rate constant at 225 $^{\circ}$C.

Answer:

Calculate the rate of appearance of N$_2$O when [NO] = [H$_2$] = 6.6×10^{-3} M.

Answer:

Suggest a possible mechanism for the reaction based on the form of the rate law. Explain your answer.

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