• Protons next to a carbonyl group can be removed by alkoxide bases as shown below.

Apply your understanding of resonance to propose a structure ${\bf L}$ that explains how the carbonyl group increases the acidity of these hydrogens.

Add curly arrows to the reaction scheme above to complete a mechanism for the deprotonation of J to give K, and the stabilisation of K by resonance.

The p K_a values of compounds **J**, **M** and **N** are 9, 13 and 19, but not in that order. Match each compound with the correct p K_a , and explain your answer.

$$\mathbf{J}$$
 \mathbf{M}
 \mathbf{N}
 \mathbf{N}
 \mathbf{J}
 \mathbf{M}
 \mathbf{M}
 \mathbf{N}
 \mathbf{M}
 \mathbf{N}
 \mathbf{M}
 \mathbf{N}

Marks 6