1. What is the molecular formula of the following compound?
a) $\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{9} \mathrm{NO}$
b) $\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{NO}$
c) $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{NO}$
d) $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{11} \mathrm{NO}$

e) $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{NO}$
2. Which of the following is the correct stick representation of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COCH}_{2} \mathrm{OOCH}_{2} \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}$ ?

a)


d)

b)


c)
3. What are the approximate bond angles in the following compound?
a) $\mathrm{P}=120^{\circ}, \mathrm{Q}=120^{\circ}, \mathrm{R}=120^{\circ}$
b) $\mathrm{P}=120^{\circ}, \mathrm{Q}=180^{\circ}, \mathrm{R}=120^{\circ}$
c) $\mathrm{P}=120^{\circ}, \mathrm{Q}=180^{\circ}, \mathrm{R}=109.5^{\circ}$
d) $\mathrm{P}=109.5^{\circ}, \mathrm{Q}=180^{\circ}, \mathrm{R}=120^{\circ}$
e) $\mathrm{P}=109.5^{\circ}, \mathrm{Q}=120^{\circ}, \mathrm{R}=90^{\circ}$

4. Which of the following pairs of structures are constitutional isomers?
a) $\mathbf{X}$ and $\mathbf{Y}$
b) $\mathbf{W}$ and $\mathbf{Y}$
c) $\mathbf{X}$ and $\mathbf{Z}$
d) $\mathbf{Y}$ and $\mathbf{Z}$


W


X


Y


Z
e) none of the above
5. Which of the following stick representations is 5-ethyl-3,3-dimethylheptane?

a)

b)

c)

d)

e)
6. What is the correct stick representation of ( $Z$ )-3-methyl-2-pentene?

A

B

C

D

E
7. What is the correct name for the following compound?
a) (E)-3,5-dimethyl-3-hexene
b) (Z)-3,5-dimethyl-3-hexene
c) (Z)-2,4-dimethyl-3-hexene
d) (E)-2-ethyl-4-methyl-2-pentene

e) (Z)-2-ethyl-4-methyl-2-pentene
8. Identify the correct Newman projection when the given molecule is viewed from the right hand side as shown.


A

B

C

D

E
9. What is the major product from the addition of HBr to 1-butene?

a)

b)

c)

d)

e)
10. Identify the nucleophile and electrophile in the first step of the following reaction and also predict which will be the major product formed.

nucleophile
electrophile
major product
a) $\quad \mathrm{H}$ of HBr X
$\mathbf{Y}$ and $\mathbf{Z}$ equal
b) $\quad X$
c) $\quad \mathrm{H}$ of HBr

Br of $\mathrm{HBr} \quad \mathbf{Z}$
d) $\quad \mathrm{X}$
e) $\quad \mathrm{Br}$ of HBr

X
Y
H of HBr
Y

Correct answers:
1D, 2B, 3B, 4B, 5A, 6A, 7C, 8C 9D, 10D

1. What is the molecular formula of the following compound?
a) $\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{9} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
b) $\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
c) $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
d) $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{11} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
e) $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

2. Which of the following is the correct stick representation of $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CHCHCHCOOCH}_{2} \mathrm{CHO}$ ?

a)

d)


e)
3. What are the approximate bond angles in the following compound?
a) $\mathrm{P}=120^{\circ}, \mathrm{Q}=109.5^{\circ}, \mathrm{R}=120^{\circ}$
b) $\mathrm{P}=109.5^{\circ}, \mathrm{Q}=120^{\circ}, \mathrm{R}=120^{\circ}$
c) $\mathrm{P}=109.5^{\circ}, \mathrm{Q}=109.5^{\circ}, \mathrm{R}=120^{\circ}$
d) $\mathrm{P}=109.5^{\circ}, \mathrm{Q}=109.5^{\circ}, \mathrm{R}=109.5^{\circ}$
e) $\mathrm{P}=120^{\circ}, \mathrm{Q}=120^{\circ}, \mathrm{R}=120^{\circ}$

4. Which of the following pairs of structures are constitutional isomers?
a) $\mathbf{X}$ and $\mathbf{Y}$
b) $\mathbf{X}$ and $\mathbf{Z}$
c) $\mathbf{W}$ and $\mathbf{X}$
d) $\mathbf{W}$ and $\mathbf{Y}$
e) none of the above


W


X


Y


Z
5. Which of the following stick representations is 3,4-diethyl-3,5-dimethylheptane?

a)

b)

c)

d)

e)
6. What is the correct stick representation of (E)-3-methyl-3-hexene?

A

B

C

D

E
7. What is the correct name for the following compound?
a) (E)-3,4,5-trimethyl-4-heptene
b) (Z)-3,4,5-trimethyl-3-heptene
c) (E)-3,4,5-trimethyl-3-heptene
d) (E)-2-ethyl-3,4-dimethyl-2-hexene
e) (Z)-2-ethyl-3,4-dimethyl-2-hexene

8. Identify the correct Newman projection when the given molecule is viewed from the right hand side as shown.



A


B


C


D


E
9. What is the major product from the addition of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ (using dilute $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ ) to propene?

a)

b)

c)

d)

e)
10. Identify the nucleophile and electrophile in the first step of the following reaction and also predict which will be the major product formed.

X

Y
1


Z
electrophile H of HI
I of HI
X
X
X
major product
Z
Y
Z
$\mathbf{Y}$ and $\mathbf{Z}$ equal
Z

Correct answers: $\quad 1 \mathrm{E}, 2 \mathrm{D}, 3 \mathrm{C}, 4 \mathrm{~B}, 5 \mathrm{D}, 6 \mathrm{E}, 7 \mathrm{~B}, 8 \mathrm{C} 9 \mathrm{~A}, 10 \mathrm{~A}$

