1. What is the molecular formula of the following compound?
a) $\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{9} \mathrm{NO}$
b) $\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{NO}$
c) $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{NO}$
d) $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{11} \mathrm{NO}$

e) $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{NO}$
2. Which one of the following molecules has methyl groups in a trans- arrangement?

A

B

C

D

E
3. What is the hybridisation of the designated atoms in the following compound?
a) $\mathrm{P}=s p^{2}, \mathrm{Q}=s p^{3}, \mathrm{R}=s p$
b) $\mathrm{P}=s p^{3}, \mathrm{Q}=s p^{2}, \mathrm{R}=s p^{2}$
c) $\mathrm{P}=s p^{2}, \mathrm{Q}=s p, \mathrm{R}=s p^{3}$
d) $\mathrm{P}=s p^{3}, \mathrm{Q}=s p, \mathrm{R}=s p^{2}$

e) $\mathrm{P}=s p^{2}, \mathrm{Q}=s p^{2}, \mathrm{R}=s p^{2}$
4. What is the correct stick representation of (Z)-3-methyl-2-pentene?

A

B

C

D

E
5. What is the correct name for the following compound?
a) (E)-3,5-dimethyl-3-hexene
b) (Z)-3,5-dimethyl-3-hexene
c) (Z)-2,4-dimethyl-3-hexene
d) (E)-2-ethyl-4-methyl-2-pentene

e) (Z)-2-ethyl-4-methyl-2-pentene
6. Which two of the following structures are configurational isomers?
a) $\mathbf{V}$ and $\mathbf{W}$
b) $\mathbf{X}$ and $\mathbf{Y}$
c) $\mathbf{X}$ and $\mathbf{Z}$
d) $\mathbf{Y}$ and $\mathbf{Z}$
e) none of them


V


W


X


Y


Z
7. Which of the curly arrows are incorrectly drawn in the following reaction mechanism?
a) $\mathbf{X}$ only
b) $\mathbf{Y}$ only
c) $\mathbf{Z}$ only
d) all of them

e) none of them
8. Which one of the following functional groups is incorrectly labelled?
a) alkene
b) amine
c) aldehyde
d) ketone
e) carboxylic acid
A

B

D
E
9. Rank the following conformational isomers of 1,2-dichloroethane in order of increasing energy.
a) V $<$ X $<$ Y $<$ Z
b) V $<$ Y $<$ Z $<$ X
c) $\mathrm{Z}<$ V $<$ Y $<$ X
d) $\mathrm{Z} \approx \mathrm{V}<\mathrm{X} \approx \mathrm{Y}$
e) V $<$ Z $<$ Y $<$ X


V


X


Y


Z
10. Identify the nucleophile and electrophile in the first step of the following reaction and also predict which will be the major product formed.

nucleophile
a) $\quad \mathrm{H}$ of HBr
electrophile
major product
b) $\quad \mathrm{X}$
c) $\quad \mathrm{H}$ of HBr

X
$\mathbf{Y}$ and $\mathbf{Z}$ equal
d) $\quad \mathrm{X}$

Br of HBr
Z
X
Y
e) Br of HBr

H of HBr
Y
X
Z

Correct answers: $\quad 1 \mathrm{D}, 2 \mathrm{E}, 3 \mathrm{D}, 4 \mathrm{~A}, 5 \mathrm{C}, 6 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{E}, ~ 8 \mathrm{C}, 9 \mathrm{E}, 10 \mathrm{D}$

1. What is the molecular formula of the following compound?
a) $\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{9} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
b) $\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
c) $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
d) $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{11} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
e) $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

2. Which one of the following molecules has chlorine atoms in a cis- arrangement?

A

B

C

D

E
3. What is the hybridisation of the designated atoms in the following compound?
a) $\mathrm{P}=s p^{2}, \mathrm{Q}=s p^{3}, \mathrm{R}=s p^{2}$
b) $\mathrm{P}=s p^{3}, \mathrm{Q}=s p^{2}, \mathrm{R}=s p^{2}$
c) $\mathrm{P}=s p^{3}, \mathrm{Q}=s p^{3}, \mathrm{R}=s p^{2}$
d) $\mathrm{P}=s p^{3}, \mathrm{Q}=s p^{3}, \mathrm{R}=s p^{3}$
e) $\mathrm{P}=s p^{2}, \mathrm{Q}=s p^{2}, \mathrm{R}=s p^{2}$

4. What is the correct stick representation of $(E)$-3-methyl-3-hexene?

A

B

C

D

E
5. What is the correct name for the following compound?
a) (E)-3,4,5-trimethyl-4-heptene
b) (Z)-3,4,5-trimethyl-3-heptene
c) (E)-3,4,5-trimethyl-3-heptene
d) (E)-2-ethyl-3,4-dimethyl-2-hexene
e) (Z)-2-ethyl-3,4-dimethyl-2-hexene

6. Which two of the following structures are configurational isomers?
a) $\mathbf{V}$ and $\mathbf{W}$
b) $\mathbf{X}$ and $\mathbf{Y}$
c) $\mathbf{X}$ and $\mathbf{Z}$
d) $\mathbf{Y}$ and $\mathbf{Z}$
e) none of them

V

W

X

Y

Z
7. Which of the curly arrows are incorrectly drawn in the following reaction mechanism?
a) $\mathbf{X}$ only
b) $\mathbf{Y}$ only
c) $\mathbf{Y}$ and $\mathbf{Z}$
d) $\mathbf{X}$ and $\mathbf{Y}$



e) $\mathbf{X}$ and $\mathbf{Z}$
8. Which one of the following functional groups is incorrectly labelled?
a) alkene
b) amine
c) ether
d) ketone
e) alcohol

B

9. Rank the following conformational isomers of 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane in order of increasing energy.
a) V $\approx$ Z $<$ Y $<$ X
b) Z $<$ V $<$ Y $<$ X
c) $\mathrm{Z}<\mathrm{V}<\mathrm{Y} \approx \mathrm{X}$
d) $\mathrm{Z} \approx \mathrm{V}<\mathrm{X} \approx \mathrm{Y}$
e) V $<$ Z $<$ X $<$ Y


V


X


Y


Z
10. Identify the nucleophile and electrophile in the first step of the following reaction and also predict which will be the major product formed.

X

Y

Z
nucleophile
electrophile
major product
a) $\quad \mathbf{X}$
H of HI
Z
b) $\quad X$
c) $\quad \mathrm{H}$ of HI
d) $\quad \mathrm{H}$ of HI
e) $\quad \mathrm{I}$ of HI
I of HI
Y

Correct answers:

