22/02(b) The University of Sydney

FUNDAMENTALS OF CHEMISTRY 1B - CHEM1002 SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION

CONFIDENTIAL

PART B NOVEMBER 2001

TOTAL TIME ALLOWED (FOR PARTS A & B): THREE HOURS

GIVE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IN BLOCK LETTERS

FAMILY	SID	
NAME	NUMBER	
OTHER	TABLE	
NAMES	NUMBER	

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- All questions are to be attempted. There are 15 pages of examinable material in two parts.
- Complete the written section of the examination paper in **INK.**
- Read each question carefully. Report the appropriate answer and show all relevant working in the space provided.
- The total score for Part A is 40% and for Part B is 60%. The possible score per question is shown.
- Each new question of the short answer section begins with a •.
- Electronic calculators, including programmable calculators, may be used.
 Students are warned, however, that credit may not be given, even for a correct answer, where there is insufficient evidence of the working required to obtain the solution.
- Pages 5 and 12 are for rough working only.
- Part A of this examination is in a separate booklet.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

Multiple choice section

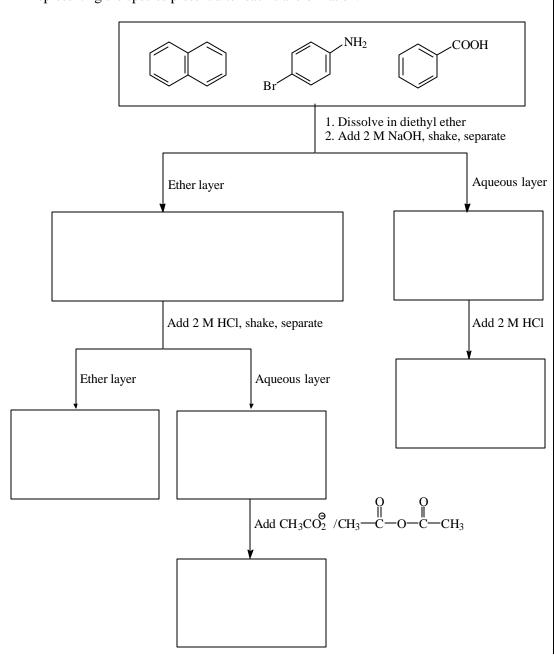
•			Marks	
	Pages	Max	Gained	
	2	34		_

Short answer section

		Marks				
Page	Max	Gaine	d	Marker		
8	6					
9	9					
10	5					
11	6					
Total	26					
Check	Total					

• In experiment E28, a mixture of three compounds was separated by use of their acid-base properties. Complete the flow diagram by drawing the correct molecular structure representing the species present after each transformation.

Marks 6

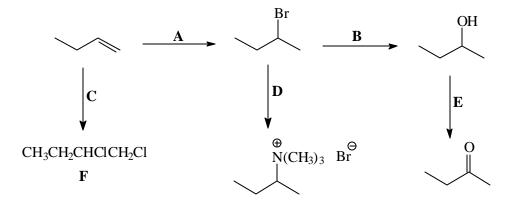


• Briefly describe the composition, structure and function of a biopolymer of your choice.

Marks 3

• Consider the following sequence of reactions.

6



Write the appropriate reagents ${\bf A}$ - ${\bf E}$ to effect these reactions.

A:

B:

 \mathbf{C} :

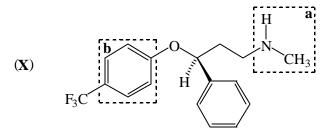
D:

 \mathbf{E} :

What is the name of compound \mathbf{F} ?

• Racemic fluoxitine is sold under the tradename Prozac as an antidepressant medication. Prozac has no effect on migraine headaches, but remarkably, one enantiomer of this drug, (X), shown below, is an effective treatment for migraines.

Marks 5



- (i) On the above diagram mark the stereogenic centre in (\mathbf{X}) with an asterisk (*).
- (ii) List the substituents attached to the stereogenic centre in descending order of priority according to the sequence rules.

highest priority lowest priority

- (iii) What is the absolute stereochemistry of the anti-migraine drug (\mathbf{X})? Write (R) or (S).
- (iv) Name the functional groups highlighted by the boxes **a** and **b** present in this drug (**X**).

a =

b =

• Draw the structures of the major organic product(s) formed in the following reactions.

Marks 6

$$CH_3$$
— C — C — CH_2CH_3 + H $/ H_2O $\longrightarrow$$

$$CH_3$$
— C — CH_3 + Θ
 CN

THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE IS FOR ROUGH WORKING ONLY.

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Numerical Data

Acid dissociation constants, pK_a at 298 K

nitrous acid, HNO₂ 3.14

lactic acid, CH₃CH(OH)COOH 3.86

acetic acid, CH₃COOH 4.76

ammonium ion, NH₄⁺ 9.24

Periodic Table of the Elements

Group			1	2													
1	2		H	He								13	14	15	16	17	18
3	4				<u>-</u> '							5	6	7	8	9	10
Li	Be											В	C	N	O	F	Ne
11	12											13	14	15	16	17	18
Na	Mg	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ar
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
K	Ca	Sc	Ti	\mathbf{V}	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr
37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
Rb	Sr	Y	Z r	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Te	Ι	Xe
55	56	57	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86
Cs	Ba	La	Hf	Ta	\mathbf{W}	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	\mathbf{T}	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn
87	88	89	104	105	106	107	108	109									
Fr	Ra	Ac	Rf	Db	Sg	Bh	Hs	Mt									

58 Ce	59 Pr	60 Nd	61 Pm	-		65 Tb	66 Dy	67 Ho	68 Er		70 Yb	71 Lu
90 Th	91 Pa	92 U				97 Bk			100 Fm	-	102 No	